

Chlamydia

Information for men



What is Chlamydia?

An illustration of a man and a woman in bed. A red 'X' is placed over a condom icon above them, signifying unprotected sex.	<p>Chlamydia is an infection which one person can give to another through unprotected sex</p>
A diagram showing the male and female reproductive systems. A pink arrow points from the female system to the male system, indicating the transmission of the infection.	<p>Men and women can get Chlamydia</p>
A pack of condoms, showing the brand name '3600' and 'CE' markings.	<p>Unprotected sex is when the man does not wear a condom</p>
A man in a blue shirt is looking through a magnifying glass, symbolizing that Chlamydia is often undetectable.	<p>Chlamydia is hard to see. Some people do not show any signs</p>
Three images illustrating symptoms: a woman holding her stomach in pain, a man sitting on a toilet with a sign of pain, and a close-up of testicles with a red circle around one.	<p>Some people with Chlamydia have pain in their tummy below the tummy button</p> <p>or</p> <p>Pain when peeing or having sex</p> <p>or</p> <p>Pain in their testicles (balls)</p>



How do I know if I have Chlamydia?

To find out if you have Chlamydia you need to give a 'urine' or wee sample.



1. Make sure that you have filled in the form - you may need help to do this

2. Peel off one of the numbered stickers and stick it to the container



3. Go to the toilet and pee into the pot

4. Screw the lid on firmly

5. Put the container into the plastic bag and seal

6. Give the completed test to your nurse or health worker



What happens if I have Chlamydia?



If the test finds Chlamydia you will need antibiotics

Take **all** of the tablets that you are given



It is important that we know who else you have had sex with

They may need our help as well



Using condoms every time you have sex can stop you getting Chlamydia

Using condoms will help stop lots of other nasty diseases too